



Clinical trial results:

A multicenter, randomized, partially-blinded, Phase IIb dose-finding study on ovarian function, vaginal bleeding pattern, and pharmacokinetics associated with the use of combined vaginal rings releasing 17-estradiol plus three different doses of either noregestrol acetate or etonogestrel in healthy women aged 18-35 years

Summary

EudraCT number	2012-002459-41
Trial protocol	NO DE SE NL HU ES DK PL
Global end of trial date	22 October 2013

Results information

Result version number	v2 (current)
This version publication date	26 January 2020
First version publication date	01 August 2015
Version creation reason	

Trial information

Trial identification

Sponsor protocol code	P06109
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Additional study identifiers

ISRCTN number	-
ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number)	NCT01709318
WHO universal trial number (UTN)	-
Other trial identifiers	Schering-Plough: SCH900121/SCH900432 P06109

Notes:

Sponsors

Sponsor organisation name	Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp.
Sponsor organisation address	2000 Galloping Hill Road, Kenilworth, NJ, United States, 07033
Public contact	Clinical Trials Disclosure, Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp., ClinicalTrialsDisclosure@merck.com
Scientific contact	Clinical Trials Disclosure, Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp., ClinicalTrialsDisclosure@merck.com

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)	No
Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No
Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No

Notes:

Results analysis stage

Analysis stage	Final
Date of interim/final analysis	22 October 2013
Is this the analysis of the primary completion data?	No
Global end of trial reached?	Yes
Global end of trial date	22 October 2013
Was the trial ended prematurely?	No

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

The primary objective of this trial was to identify at least one NGR that demonstrates inhibition of ovulation (which was considered confirmed if in the subset of participants ovulation was observed in less than 15% of the participants at any time during the 3 treatment cycles of the study) and cycle control that was non-inferior to NuvaRing®, as judged by the incidence of breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting (BTB-S) during Cycle 3.

Protection of trial subjects:

This study was conducted in conformance with Good Clinical Practice standards and applicable country and/or local statutes and regulations regarding ethical committee review, informed consent, and the protection of human subjects participating in biomedical research.

Background therapy:

Contraception

Evidence for comparator: -

Actual start date of recruitment	11 December 2012
Long term follow-up planned	No
Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement?	No

Notes:

Population of trial subjects**Subjects enrolled per country**

Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Norway: 21
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Netherlands: 163
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Poland: 112
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Spain: 6
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Denmark: 26
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Germany: 298
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Hungary: 40
Worldwide total number of subjects	666
EEA total number of subjects	666

Notes:

Subjects enrolled per age group

In utero	0
Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk	0

Newborns (0-27 days)	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	0
Children (2-11 years)	0
Adolescents (12-17 years)	0
Adults (18-64 years)	666
From 65 to 84 years	0
85 years and over	0

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details:

The study enrolled healthy female participants aged 18 to 35 years, with cycles between 24 to 35 days in length. Additional inclusion and exclusion criteria applied.

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

Of the 757 subjects who were screened for inclusion in the trial, 666 subjects were randomized, and 660 subjects were treated.

Period 1

Period 1 title	Overall Study (overall period)
Is this the baseline period?	Yes
Allocation method	Randomised - controlled
Blinding used	Double blind
Roles blinded	Subject, Investigator

Blinding implementation details:

Note: All NOMAC-E2 and ENG-E2 treatment groups were double-blinded. The NuvaRing treatment group was open-label.

Arms

Are arms mutually exclusive?	Yes
Arm title	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg

Arm description:

Participants received NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	NOMAC-E2
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	nomegestrol acetate and estradiol, MK-8175A
Pharmaceutical forms	Vaginal delivery system
Routes of administration	Vaginal use

Dosage and administration details:

Nomegestrol acetate and estradiol (NOMAC-E2), with daily release of 500, 700, or 900 mcg NOMAC, and daily release of 300 mcg E2

Arm title	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg
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Arm description:

Participants received NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	NOMAC-E2
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	nomegestrol acetate and estradiol, MK-8175A
Pharmaceutical forms	Vaginal delivery system
Routes of administration	Vaginal use

Dosage and administration details:

Nomegestrol acetate and estradiol (NOMAC-E2), with daily release of 500, 700, or 900 mcg NOMAC, and daily release of 300 mcg E2

Arm title	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg
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Arm description:

Participants received NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	NOMAC-E2
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	nomegestrol acetate and estradiol, MK-8175A
Pharmaceutical forms	Vaginal delivery system
Routes of administration	Vaginal use

Dosage and administration details:

Nomegestrol acetate and estradiol (NOMAC-E2), with daily release of 500, 700, or 900 mcg NOMAC, and daily release of 300 mcg E2

Arm title	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
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Arm description:

Participants received ENG-E2 75/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	ENG-E2
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	etonogestrel and estradiol, MK-8342B
Pharmaceutical forms	Vaginal delivery system
Routes of administration	Vaginal use

Dosage and administration details:

Etonogestrel and estradiol (ENG-E2) contraceptive vaginal ring, with daily release of 75, 100, or 125 mcg ENG, and daily release of 300 mcg E2.

Arm title	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg
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Arm description:

Participants received ENG-E2 100/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	ENG-E2
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	etonogestrel and estradiol, MK-8342B
Pharmaceutical forms	Vaginal delivery system
Routes of administration	Vaginal use

Dosage and administration details:

Etonogestrel and estradiol (ENG-E2) contraceptive vaginal ring, with daily release of 75, 100 or 125 mcg ENG, and daily release of 300 mcg E2.

Arm title	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg
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Arm description:

Participants received ENG-E2 125/300 mcg for three 28-day treatment periods, each treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	ENG-E2
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	etonogestrel and estradiol, MK-8342B
Pharmaceutical forms	Vaginal delivery system
Routes of administration	Vaginal use

Dosage and administration details:

Etonogestrel and estradiol (ENG-E2) contraceptive vaginal ring, with daily release of 75, 100 or 125 mcg ENG, and daily release of 300 mcg E2.

Arm title	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
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Arm description:

Participants received NuvaRing® for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Arm type	Active comparator
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Investigational medicinal product name	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15)
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Vaginal delivery system
Routes of administration	Vaginal use

Dosage and administration details:

NuvaRing® (etonogestrel and ethinyl estradiol [ENG-EE]), with daily release of 120 mcg ENG, and daily release of 15 mcg EE

Number of subjects in period 1	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg
Started	82	85	77
Treated	79	85	77
Completed	73	78	71
Not completed	9	7	6
Physician decision	-	-	-
Adverse event, non-fatal	3	4	2
Technical problems	1	-	-
Protocol violation	-	-	-
Other protocol specified criteria	-	1	-
Pregnancy	-	-	-
Non-compliance with study drug	-	2	1
Lost to follow-up	2	-	-
Withdrawal by subject	3	-	3

Number of subjects in period 1	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg
Started	78	78	84
Treated	77	77	84
Completed	72	74	80
Not completed	6	4	4
Physician decision	-	-	-
Adverse event, non-fatal	-	-	1
Technical problems	-	-	-
Protocol violation	2	2	-
Other protocol specified criteria	-	-	-
Pregnancy	-	1	-
Non-compliance with study drug	1	-	-
Lost to follow-up	-	1	1
Withdrawal by subject	3	-	2

Number of subjects in period 1	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
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Started	182
Treated	178
Completed	171
Not completed	11
Physician decision	1
Adverse event, non-fatal	2
Technical problems	-
Protocol violation	1
Other protocol specified criteria	-
Pregnancy	-
Non-compliance with study drug	2
Lost to follow-up	1
Withdrawal by subject	4

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

Reporting group title	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg
Reporting group description:	
Participants received NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg
Reporting group description:	
Participants received NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg
Reporting group description:	
Participants received NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Reporting group description:	
Participants received ENG-E2 75/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg
Reporting group description:	
Participants received ENG-E2 100/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg
Reporting group description:	
Participants received ENG-E2 125/300 mcg for three 28-day treatment periods, each treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Reporting group description:	
Participants received NuvaRing® for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	

Reporting group values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg
Number of subjects	82	85	77
Age categorical			
Units: Subjects			

Age continuous			
Units: years			
arithmetic mean	26.6	26.7	26.1
standard deviation	± 5.0	± 4.9	± 4.4
Gender categorical			
Units: Subjects			
Female	82	85	77
Male	0	0	0
Race			
Units: Subjects			
Asian	0	1	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Black or African American	1	1	0

White	80	83	75
More than one race	1	0	2

Reporting group values	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg
Number of subjects	78	78	84
Age categorical Units: Subjects			

Age continuous Units: years arithmetic mean standard deviation	25.5 ± 4.8	26.0 ± 4.5	26.9 ± 4.5
Gender categorical Units: Subjects			
Female	78	78	84
Male	0	0	0
Race Units: Subjects			
Asian	0	0	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1	0	0
Black or African American	1	0	0
White	74	78	83
More than one race	2	0	1

Reporting group values	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	Total	
Number of subjects	182	666	
Age categorical Units: Subjects			

Age continuous Units: years arithmetic mean standard deviation	26.0 ± 4.9	-	
Gender categorical Units: Subjects			
Female	182	666	
Male	0	0	
Race Units: Subjects			
Asian	1	2	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	1	
Black or African American	1	4	
White	178	651	
More than one race	2	8	

End points

End points reporting groups

Reporting group title	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg
Reporting group description: Participants received NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg
Reporting group description: Participants received NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg
Reporting group description: Participants received NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Reporting group description: Participants received ENG-E2 75/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg
Reporting group description: Participants received ENG-E2 100/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg
Reporting group description: Participants received ENG-E2 125/300 mcg for three 28-day treatment periods, each treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Reporting group title	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Reporting group description: Participants received NuvaRing® for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Subject analysis set title	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg
Subject analysis set type	Intention-to-treat
Subject analysis set description: Participants received NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Subject analysis set title	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg
Subject analysis set type	Intention-to-treat
Subject analysis set description: Participants received NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Subject analysis set title	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg
Subject analysis set type	Intention-to-treat
Subject analysis set description: Participants received NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Subject analysis set title	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject analysis set type	Intention-to-treat
Subject analysis set description: Participants received ENG-E2 75/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.	
Subject analysis set title	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg
Subject analysis set type	Intention-to-treat

Subject analysis set description:

Participants received ENG-E2 100/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Subject analysis set title	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg
Subject analysis set type	Intention-to-treat

Subject analysis set description:

Participants received ENG-E2 125/300 mcg for three 28-day treatment periods, each treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Subject analysis set title	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Subject analysis set type	Intention-to-treat

Subject analysis set description:

Participants received NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg) for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Primary: Percentage of Participants with Ovulation Incidence, by Cycle

End point title	Percentage of Participants with Ovulation Incidence, by Cycle ^[1]
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End point description:

Ovulation was defined as having 2 or more consecutive progesterone concentrations >16 nmol/L within 5 days, confirmed by ultrasound evidence of ovulation (follicular rupture or preceding presence of a follicle-like structure >15 mm in size). The analysis population included all participants in whom vaginal rings were inserted and received ultrasound and hormonal assessments, excluding participants who were protocol violators in terms of ring use, daily diary entry or prohibited medications.

End point type	Primary
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End point timeframe:

Day 1 of Treatment Cycle 1 through Day 28 of Treatment Cycle 3 (Up to ~92 days)

Notes:

[1] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: No between-group statistical analysis was performed for this end point.

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	65	73	57	60
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)				
Cycle 1	0	0	0	0
Cycle 2	0	0	0	0
Cycle 3	0	0	0	0

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	63	65	126	
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)				
Cycle 1	0	0	0	
Cycle 2	0	0	0	
Cycle 3	0	0	0	

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Primary: Percentage of Participants with Progesterone Concentrations >16 nmol/L, by Cycle

End point title	Percentage of Participants with Progesterone Concentrations >16 nmol/L, by Cycle ^[2]
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End point description:

Maximum progesterone (Max P) was defined as the maximum progesterone value. Ovulation was defined as 2 or more consecutive progesterone concentrations >16 nmol/L within 5 days during the 3 treatment cycles, supported by ultrasound evidence of ovulation. The Max P values greater than 16 nmol/L are presented by vaginal ring group and cycle. The analysis population included all participants in whom vaginal rings were inserted and received hormonal assessment for progesterone concentration, excluding participants who were protocol violators in terms of ring use, daily diary entry or prohibited medications.

End point type	Primary
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End point timeframe:

Day 1 of Treatment Cycle 1 through Day 28 of Treatment Cycle 3 (Up to ~92 days)

Notes:

[2] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: No between-group statistical analysis was performed for this end point.

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	65 ^[3]	73 ^[4]	57 ^[5]	60 ^[6]
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)				
Cycle 1 Max P >16 nmol/L (N=18,19,19,20,19,19,21)	0	0	0	0
Cycle 2 Max P >16 nmol/L (N=17,16,16,20,19,17,19)	0	0	0	0
Cycle 3 Max P >16 nmol/L (N=17,15,14,17,19,17,19)	0	0	0	0

Notes:

[3] - The denominator N used for this outcome measure varied by cycle and is provided in column 1.

[4] - The denominator N used for this outcome measure varied by cycle and is provided in column 1.

[5] - The denominator N used for this outcome measure varied by cycle and is provided in column 1.

[6] - The denominator N used for this outcome measure varied by cycle and is provided in column 1.

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	63 ^[7]	65 ^[8]	126 ^[9]	
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)				

Cycle 1 Max P >16 nmol/L (N=18,19,19,20,19,19,21)	0	0	0	
Cycle 2 Max P >16 nmol/L (N=17,16,16,20,19,17,19)	0	0	0	
Cycle 3 Max P >16 nmol/L (N=17,15,14,17,19,17,19)	0	0	0	

Notes:

[7] - The denominator N used for this outcome measure varied by cycle and is provided in column 1.

[8] - The denominator N used for this outcome measure varied by cycle and is provided in column 1.

[9] - The denominator N used for this outcome measure varied by cycle and is provided in column 1.

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Primary: Percentage of Participants With Breakthrough Bleeding and/or Spotting During Cycle 3

End point title	Percentage of Participants With Breakthrough Bleeding and/or Spotting During Cycle 3
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End point description:

Breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting (BTB-S) is defined as any bleeding or spotting episode that occurred during the expected non-bleeding period that was neither an early nor a continued withdrawal bleeding. Bleeding = any bloody vaginal discharge that required one or more sanitary pads or tampons per day; Spotting = any bloody vaginal discharge that required no sanitary pads or tampons per day. The analysis population included all participants in whom vaginal rings were inserted and had an evaluable cycle with non-missing bleeding data in the respective cycle, excluding participants who were protocol violators in terms of ring use, daily diary entry or prohibited medications.

End point type	Primary
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End point timeframe:

Day 1 Cycle 3 through Day 28 Cycle 3 (Up to ~28 days)

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	48 ^[10]	45 ^[11]	40 ^[12]	44 ^[13]
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	14.6	13.3	17.5	13.6

Notes:

[10] - % of participants with breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 3.

[11] - % of participants with breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 3.

[12] - % of participants with breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 3.

[13] - % of participants with breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 3.

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	49 ^[14]	47 ^[15]	97 ^[16]	
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	16.3	6.4	6.2	

Notes:

[14] - % of participants with breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 3.

[15] - % of participants with breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 3.

[16] - % of participants with breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 3.

Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	Pct of participants with BTB-S during Cycle 3
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	145
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[17]
Parameter estimate	Difference in Percent
Point estimate	8.3
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-4.3
upper limit	26.5

Notes:

[17] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Statistical analysis title	Pct of participants with BTB-S during Cycle 3
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	142
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[18]
Parameter estimate	Difference in Percent
Point estimate	6.5
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-5.7
upper limit	24.8

Notes:

[18] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Statistical analysis title	Pct of participants with BTB-S during Cycle 3
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	137
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[19]
Parameter estimate	Difference in Percent
Point estimate	12.3

Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-1.7
upper limit	33.1

Notes:

[19] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Statistical analysis title	Pct of participants with BTB-S during Cycle 3
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	141
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[20]
Parameter estimate	Difference in Percent
Point estimate	6.6
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-5.7
upper limit	25.4

Notes:

[20] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Statistical analysis title	Pct of participants with BTB-S during Cycle 3
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	146
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[21]
Parameter estimate	Difference in Percent
Point estimate	9.3
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-3.5
upper limit	27.4

Notes:

[21] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Statistical analysis title	Pct of participants with BTB-S during Cycle 3
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)

Number of subjects included in analysis	144
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[22]
Parameter estimate	Difference in Percent
Point estimate	0
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-10.7
upper limit	15.9

Notes:

[22] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With Absence of Withdrawal Bleeding and/or Spotting During Cycle 2

End point title	Percentage of Participants With Absence of Withdrawal Bleeding and/or Spotting During Cycle 2
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End point description:

Withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting is considered any bleeding or spotting episode that starts during or continues into the expected bleeding period (i.e., when the ring has been removed the last week of the cycle). Absence of withdrawal bleeding is no withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting episodes during an expected bleeding period when the ring has been removed. The analysis population included all participants in whom vaginal rings were inserted and had an evaluable cycle with non-missing bleeding data in the respective cycle, excluding participants who were protocol violators in terms of ring use, daily diary entry or prohibited medications.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

Day 1 Cycle 2 through Day 28 Cycle 2 (Up to ~28 days)

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	55 ^[23]	53 ^[24]	45 ^[25]	51 ^[26]
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	5.5	1.9	4.4	7.8

Notes:

[23] - % of participants with absence of withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 2.

[24] - % of participants with absence of withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 2.

[25] - % of participants with absence of withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 2.

[26] - % of participants with absence of withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 2.

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	54 ^[27]	52 ^[28]	111 ^[29]	
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	3.7	1.9	1.8	

Notes:

[27] - % of participants with absence of withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 2.

[28] - % of participants with absence of withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 2.

[29] - % of participants with absence of withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting during Cycle 2.

Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	Pct of prtcpnts with absence of WB-S during C2
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	166
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[30]
Parameter estimate	Difference in percentage
Point estimate	3.2
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-3.6
upper limit	16.4

Notes:

[30] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Statistical analysis title	Pct of prtcpnts with absence of WB-S during C2
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	164
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[31]
Parameter estimate	Difference in percentage
Point estimate	0
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-6.2
upper limit	11

Notes:

[31] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Statistical analysis title	Pct of prtcpnts with absence of WB-S during C2
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	156
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[32]
Parameter estimate	Difference in percentage
Point estimate	3

Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-3.8
upper limit	17.5

Notes:

[32] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Statistical analysis title	Pct of prtcpnts with absence of WB-S during C2
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	162
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[33]
Parameter estimate	Difference in percentage
Point estimate	4.7
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-2.5
upper limit	18.9

Notes:

[33] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Statistical analysis title	Pct of prtcpnts with absence of WB-S during C2
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	165
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[34]
Parameter estimate	Difference in percentage
Point estimate	1.4
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-5
upper limit	13.4

Notes:

[34] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Statistical analysis title	Pct of prtcpnts with absence of WB-S during C2
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)

Number of subjects included in analysis	163
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	non-inferiority ^[35]
Parameter estimate	Difference in percentage
Point estimate	0
Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	-6.2
upper limit	11

Notes:

[35] - Based on a longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model with terms for treatment, cycle and the interaction cycle by treatment and stratum:starter/switcher followed by Miettinen and Nurminen's method. Non-inferiority criterion was met if the upper bound of the 95% CI of the difference is less than or equal to 10%. 95% CI is adjusted for multiplicity (Dunnett).

Secondary: Intensity of Withdrawal Bleeding During Cycle 2

End point title	Intensity of Withdrawal Bleeding During Cycle 2
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End point description:

Intensity of withdrawal bleeding during Cycle 2 was defined as the ratio of the number of withdrawal bleeding days divided by the number of withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting days. Withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting is considered any bleeding or spotting episode that starts during or continues into the expected bleeding period (i.e., when the ring has been removed the last week of the cycle). Absence of withdrawal bleeding is no withdrawal bleeding and/or spotting episodes during an expected bleeding period when the ring has been removed. The analysis population included all participants in whom vaginal rings were inserted and had an evaluable cycle with non-missing bleeding data in the respective cycle, and with at least one withdrawal bleeding or spotting day, excluding participants who were protocol violators in terms of ring use, daily diary entry or prohibited medications.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

Day 1 Cycle 2 through Day 28 Cycle 2 (Up to ~28 days)

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	52 ^[36]	52 ^[37]	43 ^[38]	47 ^[39]
Units: Ratio				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)	0.87 (± 0.25)	0.92 (± 0.17)	0.86 (± 0.19)	0.90 (± 0.18)

Notes:

[36] - Ratio of withdrawal bleeding days divided by the number of withdrawal bleeding/spotting days.

[37] - Ratio of withdrawal bleeding days divided by the number of withdrawal bleeding/spotting days.

[38] - Ratio of withdrawal bleeding days divided by the number of withdrawal bleeding/spotting days.

[39] - Ratio of withdrawal bleeding days divided by the number of withdrawal bleeding/spotting days.

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	52 ^[40]	51 ^[41]	109 ^[42]	
Units: Ratio				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)	0.92 (± 0.18)	0.93 (± 0.14)	0.95 (± 0.12)	

Notes:

[40] - Ratio of withdrawal bleeding days divided by the number of withdrawal bleeding/spotting days.

[41] - Ratio of withdrawal bleeding days divided by the number of withdrawal bleeding/spotting days.

[42] - Ratio of withdrawal bleeding days divided by the number of withdrawal bleeding/spotting days.

Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	Intensity of Withdrawal Bleeding During Cycle 2
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	161
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	other ^[43]
P-value	= 0.096
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Diff of Least Squares (LS) Mean: -0.08

Notes:

[43] - Based on longitudinal data analysis (LDA) model: generalized linear mixed model with terms for stratum, ring group, cycle (and the interaction of cycle by ring group), and continuous response variable.

Statistical analysis title	Intensity of Withdrawal Bleeding During Cycle 2
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	161
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 0.993
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: -0.03

Statistical analysis title	Intensity of Withdrawal Bleeding During Cycle 2
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	152
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 0.124
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: -0.08

Statistical analysis title	Intensity of Withdrawal Bleeding During Cycle 2
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)

Number of subjects included in analysis	156
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 0.845
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: -0.05

Statistical analysis title	Intensity of Withdrawal Bleeding During Cycle 2
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	161
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 0.976
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: -0.04

Statistical analysis title	Intensity of Withdrawal Bleeding During Cycle 2
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	160
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 0.995
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: -0.03

Secondary: Intensity of Breakthrough Bleeding and/or Spotting During Cycle 3

End point title	Intensity of Breakthrough Bleeding and/or Spotting During Cycle 3
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End point description:

Intensity of breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting (BTB-S) during Cycle 3 was defined as the ratio of the number of breakthrough bleeding days divided by the number of breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting days. Breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting (BTB-S) is defined as any bleeding or spotting episode that occurred during the expected non-bleeding period that was neither an early nor a continued withdrawal bleeding. Bleeding = any bloody vaginal discharge that required one or more sanitary pads or tampons per day; Spotting = any bloody vaginal discharge that required no sanitary pads or tampons per day.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

Day 1 Cycle 3 through Day 28 Cycle 3 (Up to ~ 28 days)

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	7 ^[44]	6 ^[45]	7 ^[46]	6 ^[47]
Units: Ratio				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)	0.42 (± 0.45)	0.80 (± 0.40)	0.68 (± 0.47)	0.73 (± 0.16)

Notes:

[44] - Ratio of breakthrough bleeding days divided by the number of breakthrough bleeding/spotting days.

[45] - Ratio of breakthrough bleeding days divided by the number of breakthrough bleeding/spotting days.

[46] - Ratio of breakthrough bleeding days divided by the number of breakthrough bleeding/spotting days.

[47] - Ratio of breakthrough bleeding days divided by the number of breakthrough bleeding/spotting days.

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	8 ^[48]	3 ^[49]	6 ^[50]	
Units: Ratio				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)	0.67 (± 0.43)	0.33 (± 0.58)	0.67 (± 0.52)	

Notes:

[48] - Ratio of breakthrough bleeding days divided by the number of breakthrough bleeding/spotting days.

[49] - Ratio of breakthrough bleeding days divided by the number of breakthrough bleeding/spotting days.

[50] - Ratio of breakthrough bleeding days divided by the number of breakthrough bleeding/spotting days.

Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	Breakthrough Bleeding/Spotting During Cycle 3
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	13
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 1
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: -0.01

Statistical analysis title	Breakthrough Bleeding/Spotting During Cycle 3
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	12
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 0.996
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: 0.19

Statistical analysis title	Breakthrough Bleeding/Spotting During Cycle 3
Comparison groups	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	13
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 1
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: -0.06

Statistical analysis title	Breakthrough Bleeding/Spotting During Cycle 3
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	12
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 1
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: -0.04

Statistical analysis title	Breakthrough Bleeding/Spotting During Cycle 3
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	14
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 1
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: 0.09

Statistical analysis title	Breakthrough Bleeding/Spotting During Cycle 3
Comparison groups	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg v NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
Number of subjects included in analysis	9
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 0.998
Method	LDA
Parameter estimate	Difference of LS Mean: -0.24

Secondary: Percentage of Participants Who Experienced At Least One Adverse Event

End point title	Percentage of Participants Who Experienced At Least One Adverse Event
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End point description:

An adverse event (AE) is defined as any unfavorable and unintended sign (including an abnormal

laboratory finding), symptom, or disease temporally associated with the use of a study drug, whether or not it is considered related to the study drug. The analysis population included all randomized participants in whom a vaginal ring was inserted.

End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
Up to ~92 days	

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	79	85	78	77
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	43.0	40.0	43.6	37.7

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	77	86	178	
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	39.0	46.5	39.3	

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage of Participants Who Experienced At Least One Serious Adverse Event

End point title	Percentage of Participants Who Experienced At Least One Serious Adverse Event
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End point description:

A serious adverse event (SAE) is an AE that results in death, is life threatening, requires or prolongs an existing hospitalization, results in persistent or significant disability or incapacity, is a congenital anomaly or birth defect, is a cancer, is associated with an overdose; or is another important medical event deemed such by medical or scientific judgment. The analysis population included all randomized participants in whom a vaginal ring was inserted.

End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
Up to ~92 days	

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	79	85	78	77
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	77	86	178	
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage of Participants Who Experienced At Least One Drug-Related Adverse Event

End point title	Percentage of Participants Who Experienced At Least One Drug-Related Adverse Event
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End point description:

An adverse event (AE) is defined as any unfavorable and unintended sign (including an abnormal laboratory finding), symptom, or disease temporally associated with the use of a study drug, whether or not it is considered related to the study drug. A drug-related AE was defined as any AE for which there is reasonable possibility of drug relationship as assessed by the Investigator. The analysis population included all randomized participants in whom a vaginal ring was inserted.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

Up to ~92 days

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	79	85	78	77
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	26.6	23.5	26.9	29.9

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	77	86	178	

Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	26.0	31.4	20.8	

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With Any Drug-Related Serious Adverse Event

End point title	Percentage of Participants With Any Drug-Related Serious Adverse Event
End point description: A serious adverse event (SAE) is an AE that results in death, is life threatening, requires or prolongs an existing hospitalization, results in persistent or significant disability or incapacity, is a congenital anomaly or birth defect, is a cancer, is associated with an overdose; or is another important medical event deemed such by medical or scientific judgment. A drug-related SAE was defined as any SAE for which there is reasonable possibility of drug relationship as assessed by the Investigator. The analysis population included all randomized participants in whom a vaginal ring was inserted.	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe: Up to ~92 days	

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	79	85	78	77
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	77	86	178	
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage of Participants Who Discontinued Study Drug Due to an Adverse Event

End point title	Percentage of Participants Who Discontinued Study Drug Due to an Adverse Event
End point description: An adverse event (AE) is defined as any unfavorable and unintended sign (including an abnormal laboratory finding), symptom, or disease temporally associated with the use of a study drug, whether or not it is considered related to the study drug. The analysis population included all randomized participants in whom a vaginal ring was inserted.	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe: Up to ~92 days	

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	79	85	78	77
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	3.8	4.7	2.6	2.6

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	77	86	178	
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	0.0	1.2	1.1	

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Other pre-specified: Number of Participants With Venous or Arterial Thrombotic/Thrombolic Events

End point title	Number of Participants With Venous or Arterial Thrombotic/Thrombolic Events
End point description: Venous or arterial thrombotic/thrombo-embolic events, (VTEs or ATEs) (e.g., deep venous thrombosis, pulmonary embolism, myocardial infarction, cerebrovascular accident) were assessed. The analysis population included all randomized participants in whom a vaginal ring was inserted.	
End point type	Other pre-specified
End point timeframe: From Cycle 1 Day 1 up to 8 days after Day 28 of Cycle 3 (Up to ~92 days)	

End point values	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set
Number of subjects analysed	79	85	78	77
Units: Participants	0	0	0	0

End point values	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)	
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set	
Number of subjects analysed	77	86	178	
Units: Participants	0	0	0	

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Adverse events

Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

Up to ~92 days

Adverse event reporting additional description:

The analysis population consisted of all randomized participants in whom a vaginal ring was inserted..

Assessment type	Systematic
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Dictionary used

Dictionary name	MedDRA
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Dictionary version	16.1
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Reporting groups

Reporting group title	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg
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Reporting group description:

Participants received NOMAC-E2 500/300 for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Reporting group title	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg
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Reporting group description:

Participants received NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Reporting group title	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg
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Reporting group description:

Participants received NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Reporting group title	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg
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Reporting group description:

Participants received ENG-E2 75/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Reporting group title	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg
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Reporting group description:

Participants received ENG-E2 100/300 mcg for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Reporting group title	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg
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Reporting group description:

Participants received ENG-E2 125/300 for three 28-day treatment periods, each treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Reporting group title	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)
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Reporting group description:

Participants received NuvaRing® for three treatment periods, each 28-day treatment period (cycle) consisting of 21 days of vaginal ring use followed by 7 vaginal ring-free days.

Serious adverse events	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg
Total subjects affected by serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 79 (0.00%)	0 / 85 (0.00%)	0 / 78 (0.00%)
number of deaths (all causes)	0	0	0
number of deaths resulting from adverse events			

Serious adverse events	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg
Total subjects affected by serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 77 (0.00%)	0 / 77 (0.00%)	0 / 86 (0.00%)
number of deaths (all causes)	0	0	0
number of deaths resulting from adverse events			

Serious adverse events	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)		
Total subjects affected by serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 178 (0.00%)		
number of deaths (all causes)	0		
number of deaths resulting from adverse events			

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

Non-serious adverse events	NOMAC-E2 500/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 700/300 mcg	NOMAC-E2 900/300 mcg
Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	23 / 79 (29.11%)	20 / 85 (23.53%)	26 / 78 (33.33%)
Nervous system disorders			
Dizziness			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 79 (0.00%)	0 / 85 (0.00%)	4 / 78 (5.13%)
occurrences (all)	0	0	4
Headache			
subjects affected / exposed	12 / 79 (15.19%)	11 / 85 (12.94%)	14 / 78 (17.95%)
occurrences (all)	24	21	43
Gastrointestinal disorders			
Diarrhoea			
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 79 (2.53%)	0 / 85 (0.00%)	1 / 78 (1.28%)
occurrences (all)	2	0	2
Nausea			
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 79 (5.06%)	1 / 85 (1.18%)	2 / 78 (2.56%)
occurrences (all)	7	1	2
Reproductive system and breast disorders			
Dysmenorrhoea			
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 79 (5.06%)	2 / 85 (2.35%)	5 / 78 (6.41%)
occurrences (all)	5	2	5

Vaginal discharge subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 79 (1.27%) 1	6 / 85 (7.06%) 9	4 / 78 (5.13%) 5
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders Oropharyngeal pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	4 / 79 (5.06%) 5	1 / 85 (1.18%) 2	2 / 78 (2.56%) 2
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders Acne subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	2 / 79 (2.53%) 2	3 / 85 (3.53%) 4	6 / 78 (7.69%) 8
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders Back pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	4 / 79 (5.06%) 4	0 / 85 (0.00%) 0	1 / 78 (1.28%) 1
Infections and infestations Nasopharyngitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	9 / 79 (11.39%) 12	5 / 85 (5.88%) 5	11 / 78 (14.10%) 13

Non-serious adverse events	ENG-E2 75/300 mcg	ENG-E2 100/300 mcg	ENG-E2 125/300 mcg
Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events subjects affected / exposed	24 / 77 (31.17%)	22 / 77 (28.57%)	25 / 86 (29.07%)
Nervous system disorders Dizziness subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	0 / 77 (0.00%) 0	0 / 77 (0.00%) 0	0 / 86 (0.00%) 0
Headache subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	13 / 77 (16.88%) 35	15 / 77 (19.48%) 29	13 / 86 (15.12%) 35
Gastrointestinal disorders Diarrhoea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	6 / 77 (7.79%) 9	1 / 77 (1.30%) 1	3 / 86 (3.49%) 3
Nausea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	4 / 77 (5.19%) 4	1 / 77 (1.30%) 1	1 / 86 (1.16%) 1

Reproductive system and breast disorders			
Dysmenorrhoea			
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 77 (2.60%)	3 / 77 (3.90%)	6 / 86 (6.98%)
occurrences (all)	2	3	8
Vaginal discharge			
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 77 (5.19%)	5 / 77 (6.49%)	4 / 86 (4.65%)
occurrences (all)	4	9	6
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders			
Oropharyngeal pain			
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 77 (5.19%)	1 / 77 (1.30%)	2 / 86 (2.33%)
occurrences (all)	5	1	2
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders			
Acne			
subjects affected / exposed	3 / 77 (3.90%)	2 / 77 (2.60%)	6 / 86 (6.98%)
occurrences (all)	3	2	10
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders			
Back pain			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 77 (1.30%)	2 / 77 (2.60%)	2 / 86 (2.33%)
occurrences (all)	2	3	3
Infections and infestations			
Nasopharyngitis			
subjects affected / exposed	11 / 77 (14.29%)	7 / 77 (9.09%)	8 / 86 (9.30%)
occurrences (all)	14	7	9

Non-serious adverse events	NuvaRing® (ENG-EE 120/15 mcg)		
Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	46 / 178 (25.84%)		
Nervous system disorders			
Dizziness			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 178 (0.00%)		
occurrences (all)	0		
Headache			
subjects affected / exposed	24 / 178 (13.48%)		
occurrences (all)	47		
Gastrointestinal disorders			
Diarrhoea			

subjects affected / exposed	2 / 178 (1.12%)		
occurrences (all)	3		
Nausea			
subjects affected / exposed	7 / 178 (3.93%)		
occurrences (all)	8		
Reproductive system and breast disorders			
Dysmenorrhoea			
subjects affected / exposed	7 / 178 (3.93%)		
occurrences (all)	11		
Vaginal discharge			
subjects affected / exposed	3 / 178 (1.69%)		
occurrences (all)	4		
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders			
Oropharyngeal pain			
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 178 (2.25%)		
occurrences (all)	4		
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders			
Acne			
subjects affected / exposed	6 / 178 (3.37%)		
occurrences (all)	6		
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders			
Back pain			
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 178 (2.25%)		
occurrences (all)	8		
Infections and infestations			
Nasopharyngitis			
subjects affected / exposed	16 / 178 (8.99%)		
occurrences (all)	18		

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

Date	Amendment
26 May 2013	Amendment 2: Changes to the protocol included: Trial Flow Chart - screening phase changed from 60 to 80 days - randomization may occur up to 80 days after Visit 1; Table 1 - PD samples (FSH, LH, and P) and the PK should be collected in addition to the ultrasound should the subject need to return every third day until disappearance of the largest follicle that was ≥ 15 mm on Day 8. SHBG does not need to be repeated; Subject Inclusion Criteria - Clarification of inclusion 5: The intra-individual variation of ± 3 days is allowed, but individual cycles should be within the 24-35 days in length - Clarification of inclusion 6: If the subject or her partner is surgically sterilized, then condoms are not required; Subjected Exclusion Criteria - Clarification of Table 2 Excluded Medications: table updated to reflect bosentan as an anti-hypertensive and not as an anti-epileptic - typographical error for carbamazepine and herbal remedies wash-out corrected - table layout streamlined to demonstrate that all medicines listed fall under the category of medicines associated with liver enzyme induction thus affecting the bioavailability of steroids.

Notes:

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

Limitations and caveats

None reported